

# ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA And COORDINATION CENTER



## 2009 ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT



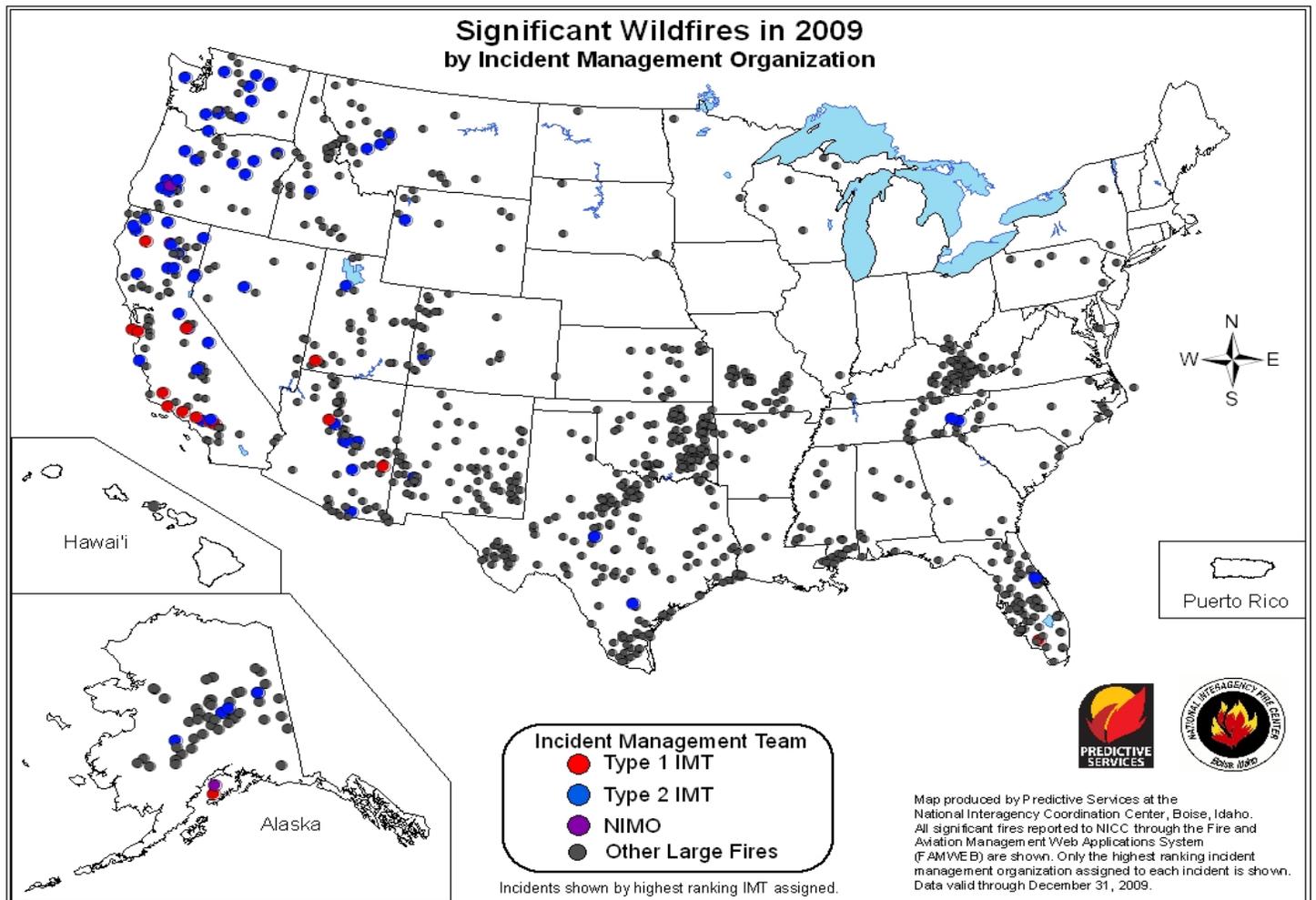
August 19<sup>th</sup>, 2009 on the Three Mile Fire near Meeker, Colorado. Photo by Garner Harris



## Preface

Statistics used in the RMA report were gathered from the Fire and Aviation Management Web Applications (FAMWEB) system, <http://fam.nwcg.gov/fam-web/>, which includes the Situation Report and Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) programs. Other sources also used in this document are Previous Rocky Mountain Area Coordination Center (RMACC) annual reports and Unit Dispatch Center Annual reports thru the use of agency specific local fire reports. The statistics presented here are intended to provide a Rocky Mountain area wide perspective of annual fire activity, but may not reflect official figures for a specific agency or represented dispatch office.

Resource mobilization statistics used in this report were gathered from the Resource Ordering and Status System (ROSS) thru the use of the Cognos reporting application, which tracks tactical, logistical, service and support resources mobilized by the Rocky Mountain and National incident dispatch coordination system. For agency-specific details or official numbers contact the individual agency or represented dispatch office.



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<p>This section includes tables of 10 year RMA fire statistics broken down by year and agency, 2009 RMA Large Incidents by State, RMA Resource Movement breakdown for 2009, and a 5 year RMA Resource Comparison by year and agency.</p>	

**Rocky Mountain Area and Coordination Center 2009 Annual Report**  
**SEASONAL NARRATIVE HIGHLIGHTS**

The Rocky Mountain Area had a below normal season in terms of "large" fire events. Mountain snowpack amounts across the RMA were lower as of May 1 this year than in 2008. However, a rather cool spring kept higher elevation fuels moist through the early summer months in many locations. Energy Release Component (ERC) values were predominantly below average across most of the RMA. The numbers of fires in 2009 was 1% above the 10 year average (1999 - 2008) and the number of acres burned in the RMA during 2009 was only 45% of the 10 year average. The RMA has experienced average to below average fire seasons since 2007 (for both number of fires and / or number of acres burned).

The RMA had 12,711 fires that burned 264,796 acres. 52 large fires were reported in the RMA that burned 66,204 acres. 0 Type 1 (IMTs), 0 Type 2 (IMTs) were assigned in the RMA. Crews and overhead responded to several out-of-area assignments including California, Arizona, Utah and portions of northern Oregon and central Washington. Rocky Mountain Incident Management Teams did not mobilize out-of area in 2009. The RMA never reached Preparedness Level (PL), 4 or 5 in 2009. The RMA Multi Agency Coordinating (MAC) Group, which sets large fire priorities for the RMA, conferenced as needed for nine days at PL3 during the month of August.

The 2009 fire season started off with above average early spring snowpack over northern Wyoming and the Black Hills, with average snowpack from southern Wyoming into northern Colorado. Snowpack was below average across southern Colorado, especially in the southwest. In spite of the lack of snowpack during the months of April and May, fire activity in southern Colorado was curtailed by wet conditions thru these months. Wetter and cooler than normal weather spread across much of the RMA during June, resulting in a quiet month in terms of fire activity. Somewhat cool and moist conditions characterized RMA weather during July, except warmer and much drier conditions from western Colorado into southwest Wyoming. The warm and dry conditions in July did result in an increase in fire activity across western Colorado which is not abnormal for that time of year. Although drier than average conditions expanded across much of Colorado in August, temperatures were near seasonal average. Resultant fire activity in August was limited to the Northwest Colorado Fire Management Unit. During the fall, warmer temperatures and below average precipitation developed over Wyoming and North Dakota, but fire activity remained minimal across the RMA.

The RMA's first incident as reported on the ICS-209 to the Rocky Mountain Coordination Center (RMC) was on January 7<sup>th</sup>, 2009. The Olde Stage Fire is believed to have been sparked by a downed power line. Gusty winds were a challenge for crews, as the fire whipped in all directions fueled by strong winds that threatened several hundred structures in the foothills north of Boulder, Colorado. Kansas reported the majority of fires for February, March and April. The largest was the Lincoln County Fire in central Kansas - wind driven head fire, individual group torching, and rangeland fuel component as the fire jumped control lines and destroyed four structures. Kansas had an average to below average fire season in respect to large fires.

In July, the Roan Cliffs and Dominguez Fire, located within the Upper Colorado River Interagency Fire Management (UCR) zone were managed for natural resources benefit. The fires began by lightening and burned primarily on BLM land. The fires remained in monitor strategy until the temps became cooler and drenching rains were received. The goal of managing fires for resources benefit is to allow fire to resume its natural role in the ecosystem. Two days later the Grammar Fire started in the San Miguel Canyon within the Montrose Interagency Fire Management Unit (MIFMU) and burned south through Bureau of Land Management land near Norwood, Colorado. Fire managers used air resources and ground crews to fight the fire to minimize its growth and it was held at 800 acres. Although a Type 2 IMT was ordered from South Dakota, the Team never took the fire over from the local unit.

In early August more than 200 firefighters worked two fires in the southwest corner of Colorado, about 12 miles southeast of Dove Creek along the Dolores River. The largest fire in the RMA, the Narraguinnep, burned roughly 7,300 acres of P.J. and ponderosa pine with a gamble oak and grass understory. A smaller fire, about 5 miles to the south, began burning a week prior when dry lightning moved into the area, the Bradfield fire was controlled at 2,400 acres. Fire managers allowed these incidents to burn under a contained/confined strategy. Under this strategy, firefighters closely monitored the fires, but not actively suppressing them. This strategy was deemed the most effective because of the fire's remote location, inaccessible terrain, and lack of threats to structures, availability of resources, and presence of natural barriers to support containment.

## INTERAGENCY FIRE STATISTICS 2009 WILDLAND FIRE ACTIVITY BY CAUSE

The following table shows, by cause, the number of fires and acres burned for each of the agencies within the RMA. Federal and Non-federal are listed individually, and within each Federal agency the fire and acres are further broken down by the state in which the federal fire occurred. What this means is that a fire that occurred on BIA land in Colorado will **only** be listed in the BIA-CO row below; it will **not** be included in the States-CO row. The State figures represent all Non-federal fires and acres in the respective states as reported to the USFS Regional Office's State and Private Forestry staff.

Agency	State	HUMAN		LIGHTNING		WFU*		TOTAL	
		Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres
BIA	CO	44	4	114	191	0	0	158	195
	KS	14	525	0	0	0	0	14	525
	NE	22	431	0	0	0	0	22	431
	SD*	508	2,118	40	89	0	0	548	2,207
	WY	37	65	1	333	0	0	38	398
<b>Total</b>		<b>625</b>	<b>3,143</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>613</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>780</b>	<b>3,756</b>
BLM	CO	67	1,230	475	10,415	0	0	542	11,645
	SD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WY	53	62	91	126	0	0	144	188
<b>Total</b>		<b>120</b>	<b>1,292</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>10,541</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>686</b>	<b>11,833</b>
FWS	CO	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	KS	11	231	0	0	0	0	11	231
	NE	2	302	0	0	0	0	2	302
	SD+	4	3	0	0	0	0	4	3
	WY	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>16</b>	<b>536</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>536</b>
NPS	CO	1	45	22	4	0	0	23	49
	KS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	NE	3	300	0	0	0	0	3	300
	SD	2	0	3	1	0	0	5	1
	WY	3	0	1	0	0	0	4	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>9</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>350</b>
USFS	CO	119	937	169	13,581	0	0	288	14,518
	KS	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
	NE	7	63	6	164	0	0	13	227
	SD	12	11	37	34	0	0	49	45
	WY	36	14	25	339	0	0	61	353
<b>Total</b>		<b>174</b>	<b>1,025</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>14,118</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>15,143</b>
States	CO	139	758	2,834	40,672	0	0	2,973	41,430
	KS	77	619	6,161	150,591	0	0	6,238	151,210
	NE	38	389	805	11,990	0	0	843	12,379
	SD	58	177	235	6,687	0	0	293	6,864
	WY	97	438	325	5,340	0	0	422	5,778
<b>Total</b>		<b>409</b>	<b>2,381</b>	<b>10,360</b>	<b>215,280</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10,769</b>	<b>217,661</b>
Other									
DOD	CO	3	6,684	3	28	0	0	6	6,712
	KS	5	8,805	0	0	0	0	5	8,805
<b>Total</b>		<b>8</b>	<b>15,489</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>15,517</b>
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>		<b>1,362</b>	<b>24,211</b>	<b>11,350</b>	<b>240,585</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12,711</b>	<b>264,796</b>

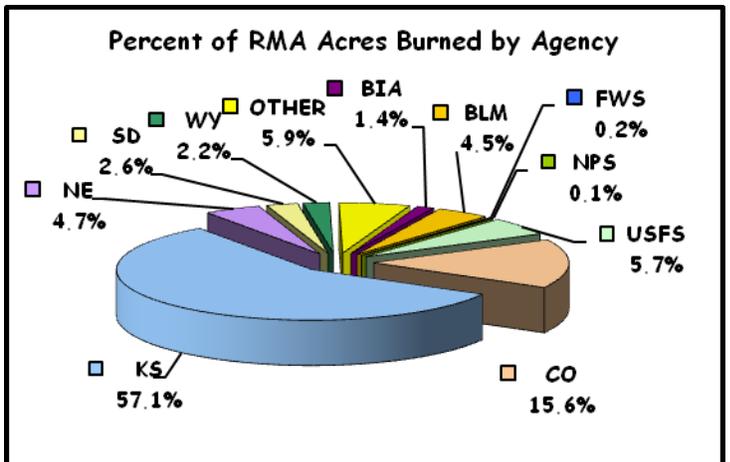
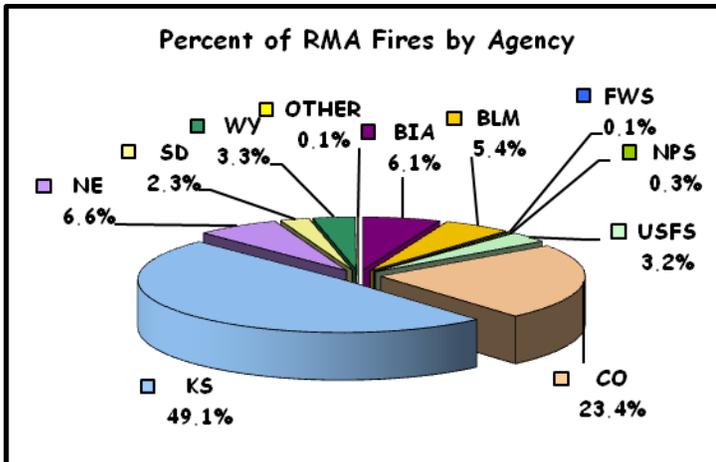
\*Wildland Fire Used for Resource Benefit (WFU) is a naturally ignited wildland fire managed to accomplish specific pre-stated resource management objectives in predefined geographic areas outlined in Fire Management Plans. This strategy was not used in 2009.

\*One BIA unit stretches from SD to ND and in this report, except for large fire information; fire figures are included in BIA SD numbers. There are also 2 FWS refuges that are located in ND but are the responsibility of the RMA, again except for large fire information, in this report the numbers for these 2 units are included in FWS SD figures.

**2009 WILDLAND FIRE ACTIVITY BY CAUSE and BY INDIVIDUAL AGENCY WITHIN THE RMA**

The following table shows, by cause, the number of fires and acres burned for each of the agencies within the RMA. Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are listed individually. What this means is that a fire that occurred on BIA land in Colorado will **only** be represented in the BIA row below; it will **not** be included in the Colorado row. The State figures represent all Non-federal fires and acres in the respective state as reported to the USFS Regional Office's State and Private Forestry staff.

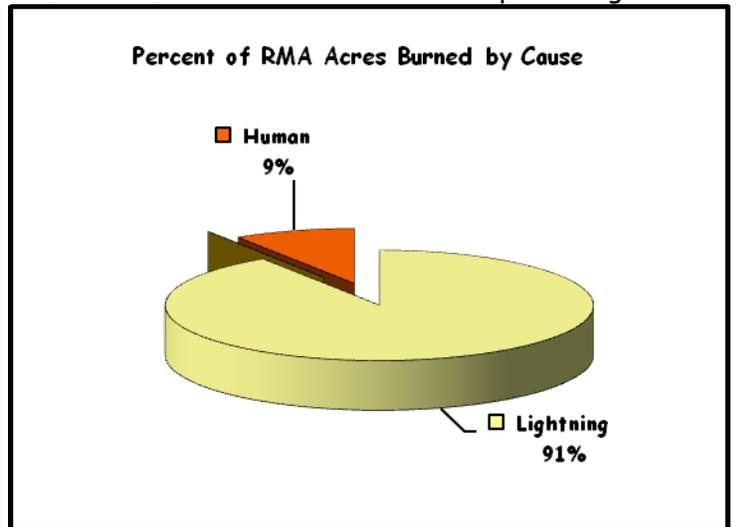
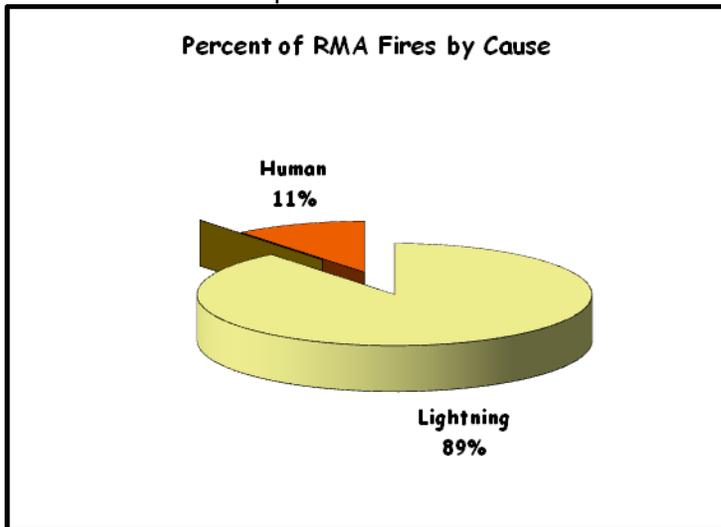
Agency Type	Agency	HUMAN		LIGHTNING		WFU*		TOTAL	
		Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres
FEDERAL	BIA	625	3,143	155	613	0	0	780	3,756
	BLM	120	1,292	566	10,541	0	0	686	11,833
	FWS	16	536	2	0	0	0	18	536
	NPS	9	345	26	5	0	0	35	350
	USFS	174	1,025	238	14,118	0	0	412	15,143
STATE	CO	139	758	2,834	40,672	0	0	2,973	41,430
	KS	77	619	6,161	150,591	0	0	6,238	151,210
	NE	38	389	805	11,990	0	0	843	12,379
	SD	58	177	235	6,687	0	0	293	6,864
	WY	97	438	325	5,340	0	0	422	5,778
OTHER†	OTHER	8	15,489	3	28	0	0	11	15,517
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>		<b>1,362</b>	<b>24,211</b>	<b>11,350</b>	<b>240,585</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12,711</b>	<b>264,796</b>



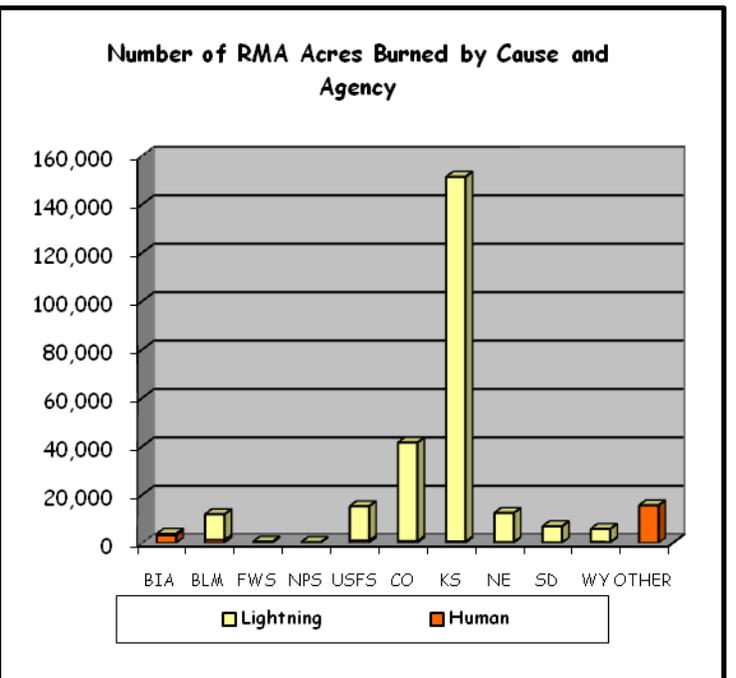
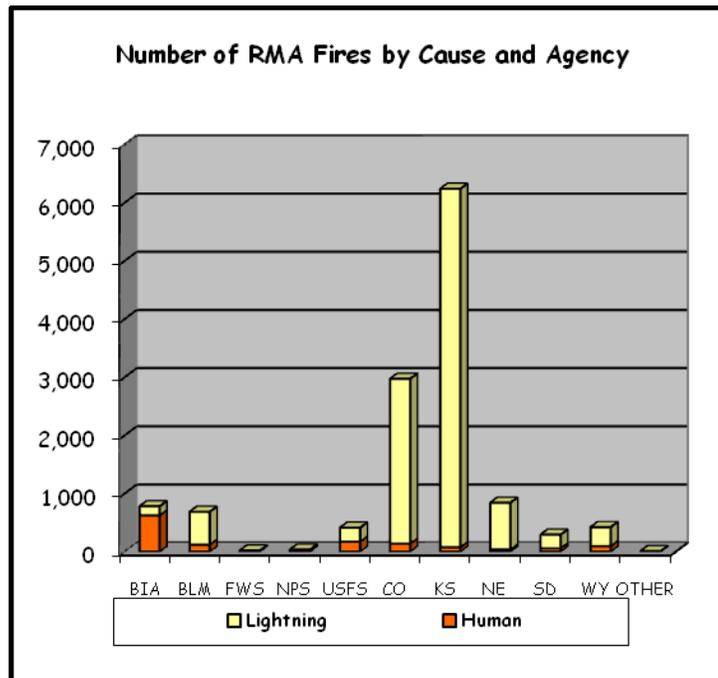
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2009 WILDLAND FIRE ACTIVITY BY CAUSE and BY CAUSE WITHIN EACH RMA AGENCY

The two following pie charts illustrate, by cause, the percentage of fires and the percentage of acres burned within the entire RMA. The pie charts include both Federal and Non-federal fires and acres in the cause percentages.



The two following bar graphs illustrate, by cause, the number of fires and acres burned for each of the agencies within the RMA. Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are represented individually. What this means is that a fire that occurred on BIA land in Colorado will **only** be represented in the BIA bar below; it will **not** be included in the Colorado bar. The State fires and acres represent all Non-federal fires and acres in the respective state as reported to the USFS Regional Office's State and Private Forestry staff.



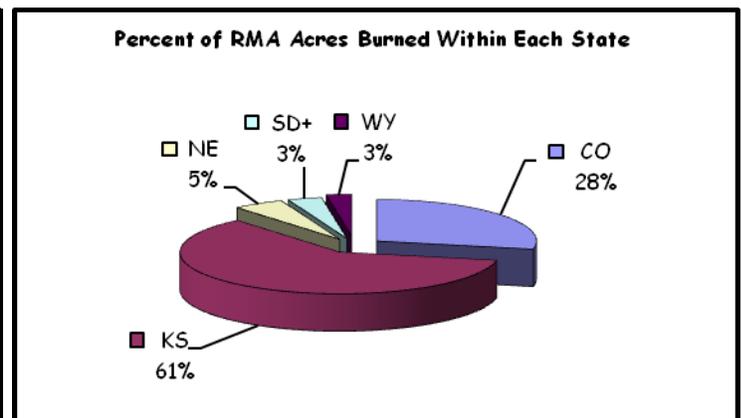
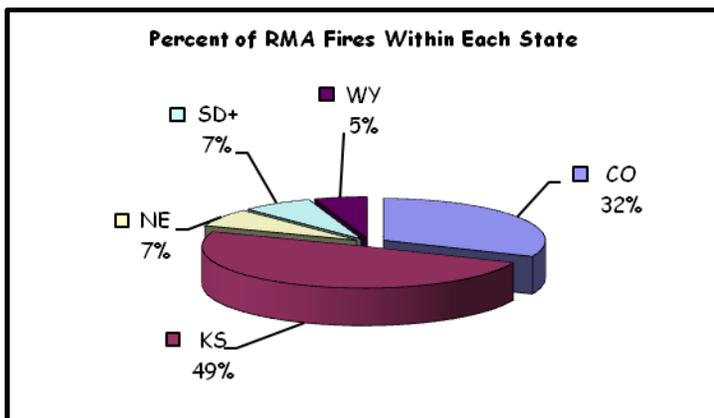
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**2009 WILDLAND FIRE ACTIVITY BY CAUSE  
COMBINING FEDERAL AND NON-FEDERAL AGENCIES WITHIN EACH STATE**

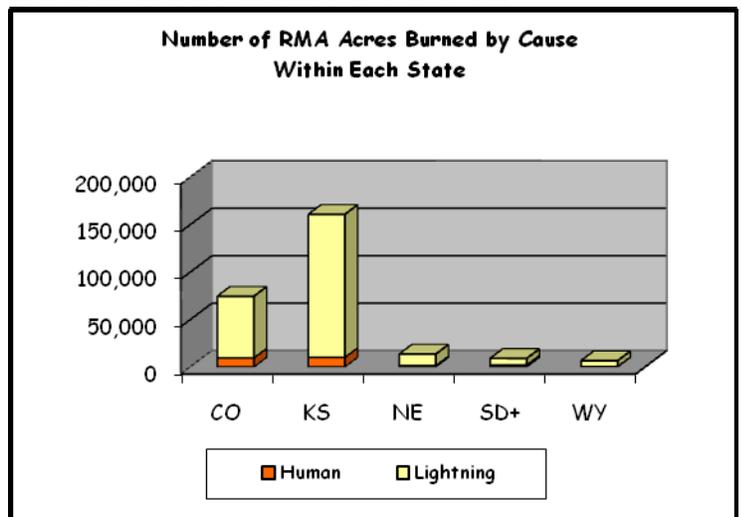
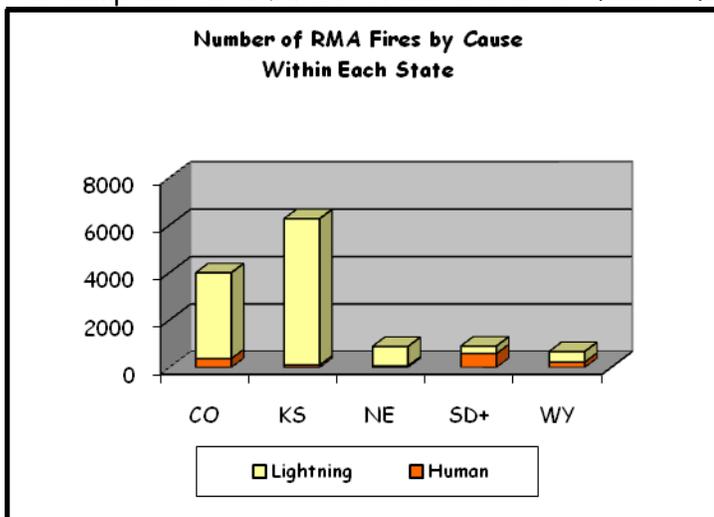
The following table shows, by cause, the number of fires and acres burned within each of the five states of the RMA. Both Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are included in state totals.

State	HUMAN		LIGHTNING		WFU*		TOTAL	
	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres
CO	3,618	64,891	373	9,658	0	0	3,991	74,549
KS	6,162	150,591	106	10,180	0	0	6,268	160,771
NE	811	12,154	72	1,485	0	0	883	13,639
SD <sup>+</sup>	315	6,811	584	2,309	0	0	899	9,120
WY	444	6,138	226	579	0	0	670	6,717
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>	<b>11,350</b>	<b>240,585</b>	<b>1,362</b>	<b>24,211</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12,711</b>	<b>264,796</b>

The two following pie charts illustrate the percentage of fires and percentage of acreage burned within each of the five states that comprise the RMA. Both Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are included in state percentages.



The two following bar graphs illustrate, by cause, the number of fires and acres burned within each of the five states that comprise the RMA. Both Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are included in state totals.



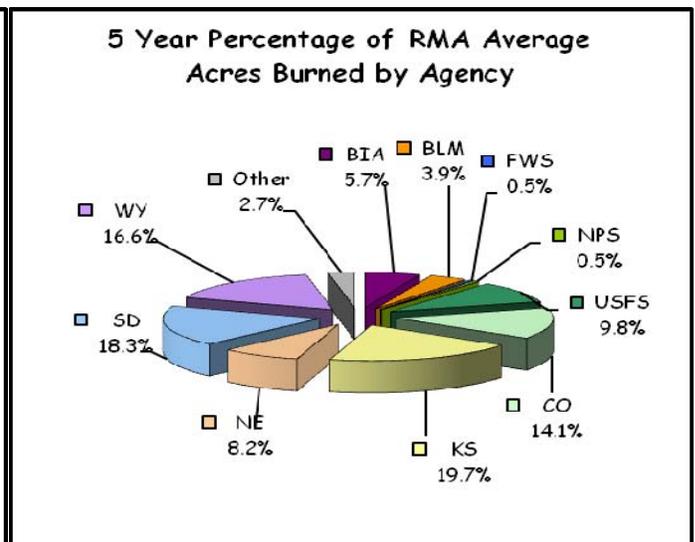
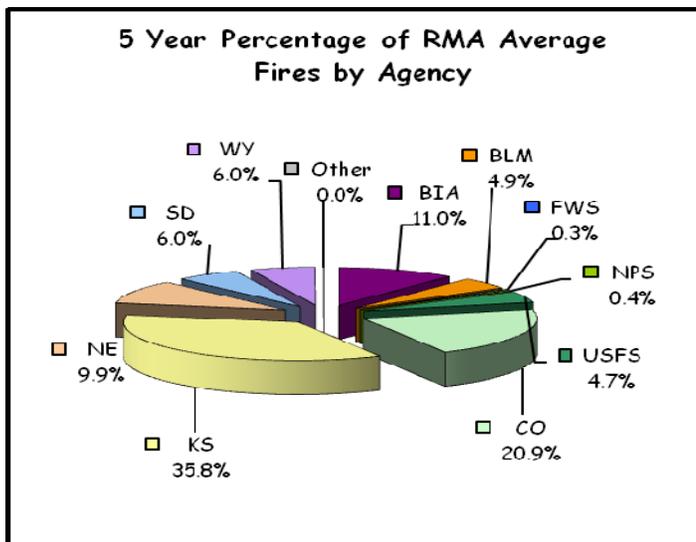
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<sup>+</sup>One BIA unit stretches from SD to ND and in this report, except for large fire information; fire figures are included in BIA SD numbers. There are also 2 FWS refuges that are located in ND but are the responsibility of the RMA, again except for large fire information in this report the numbers for these 2 units are included in FWS SD figures.

5 YEAR RMA AVERAGES BY AGENCY (2004 - 2008)

The following table shows the average number of fires and acres burned for each of the agencies within the RMA over the past 5 years, not including the 2009 data. The pie charts below the table show the 5 year average percentages of fires and acres burned by agency. Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are listed individually. What this means is that a fire that occurred on BIA land in Colorado will **only** be represented in the BIA row and pie slice below; it will **not** be included in the Colorado row or pie slice. The State figures represent all Non-federal fires and acres in the respective state as reported to the USFS Regional Office's State and Private Forestry staff. See the Appendix for a breakdown of the last 10 years of RMA fire statistics by individual year and agency.

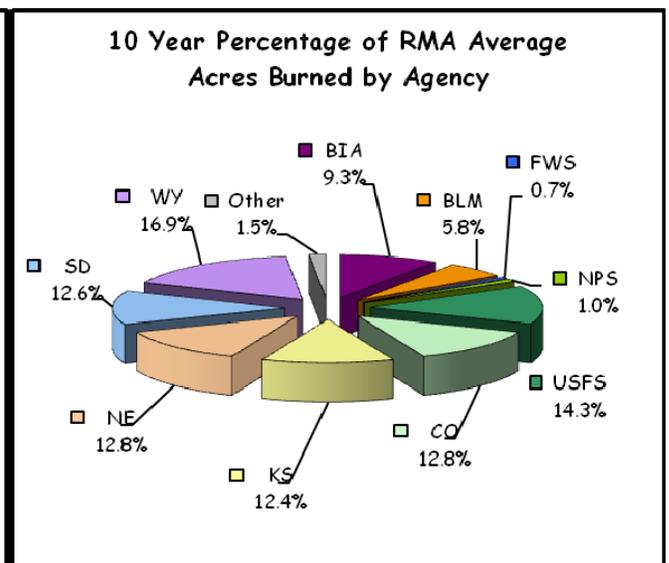
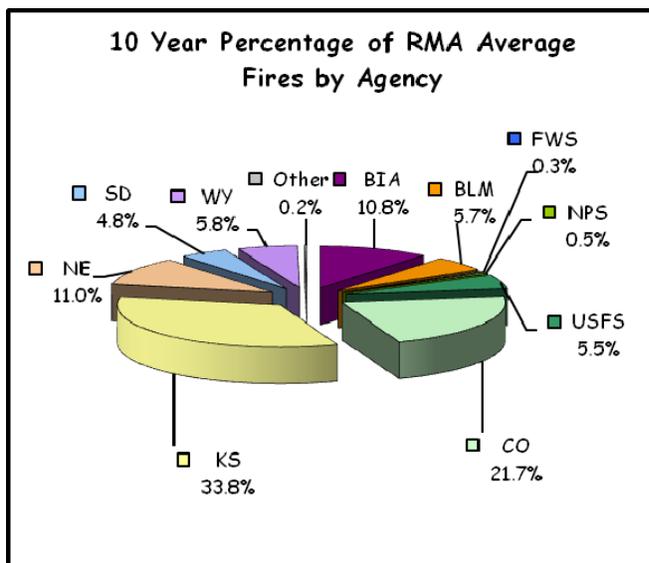
Agency	5 Yr Avg Fires	5 Yr Avg Acres
BIA	1,287	26,527
BLM	570	18,041
FWS	33	2,095
NPS	44	2,353
USFS	545	45,553
CO	2,442	65,041
KS	4,177	91,343
NE	1,159	37,756
SD	698	84,607
WY	700	76,736
Other	5	12,525
<b>RMA 5 Yr AVG</b>	<b>11,659</b>	<b>462,577</b>



10 YEAR RMA AVERAGES BY AGENCY (1999 - 2008)

The following table shows the average number of fires and acres burned for each of the agencies within the RMA over the past 10 years, not including the 2009 data. The pie charts below the table show the 10 year average percentages of fires and acres burned by agency. Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are listed individually. What this means is that a fire that occurred on BIA land in Colorado will **only** be represented in the BIA row and pie slice below; it will **not** be included in the Colorado row or pie slice. The State figures represent all Non-federal fires and acres in the respective state as reported to the USFS Regional Office's State and Private Forestry staff. See the Appendix for a breakdown of the last 10 years of RMA fire statistics by individual year and agency.

Agency	10 Yr Avg Fires	10 Yr Avg Acres
BIA	1,247	54,503
BLM	654	33,779
FWS	39	4,194
NPS	52	6,098
USFS	631	83,669
CO	2,502	74,809
KS	3,905	72,509
NE	1,270	74,837
SD	551	73,611
WY	674	99,400
Other	27	9,028
<b>RMA 10 Yr AVG</b>	<b>11,552</b>	<b>586,436</b>



## RMA LARGE INCIDENT SUMMARY BY MONTH FOR 2009

The following table shows by start date all large fires that were reported and submitted as final electronically in the ICS-209 system. A large fire is defined as 100 acres or more in timber fuel types, 300 acres or more in grass fuel types, or a fire that has a Type 1 or Type 2 IMT assigned. The "Unit" and "Agency" listed in the table are not necessarily the only unit or agency that was affected by the incident; what is listed is typically the jurisdictional agency for the incident. In the "Kind" column, WF = wildland fire and C = Confinement Fire. In the "Cause" column, H = Human caused, L = Lightning caused, N = Natural, O = Other and U = Undetermined. The acres shown are the acres reported on the last electronic ICS 209 submitted and are not necessarily the official acres for that incident. In the same vein, the number of structures shown as destroyed is the number reported on the last electronic ICS 209 and is not necessarily the official number of structures destroyed by that incident. The "Structures Destroyed" column includes residences, commercial buildings and outbuildings. A Type is listed in the "IMT Type" column only if a Type 1 IMT, Type 2 IMT, AC or NIMO was assigned.

There were two incidents for which ICS-209s were completed but are not included in the table below. This is because they did not meet the large fire criteria listed above and did not have a Type 1 or Type 2 IMT, AC or NIMO assigned. These incidents were: Hudson Road (KS KSX, start date 04/21/2009, cause - H, 80 acres) and Hunter (CO GRD, start date 06/30/2009, cause - L, 89 acres).

Start Date	1st Day as a Large Fire	Incident Name	State	Unit	Agency	Kind	Cause	Acres	Structures Destroyed	IMT Type	Incident Commander's	Number of Days Listed As IC on the ICS-209
January 7	January 8	Olde Stage	CO	BLX	County	WF	U	3,008	3			
January 21	January 21	Orchard Canyon	CO	FCQ	DOD	WF	H	206				
January 31	February 3	Shinkle	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	1,200				
								<b>4,414</b>	<b>3</b>			<b>0</b>
February 6	February 9	Ferguson Ranch	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	640				
February 7	February 9	Snake Farm	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	500				
February 10	February 11	Road M	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	640				
February 19	February 20	MA-Kilo	KS	DDQ	DOD	WF	H	2,490				
February 20	February 22	Deep Creek	KS	KSX	County	WF	U	300				
February 20	February 22	Old 82	KS	DDQ	DOD	WF	H	4,800				
February 22	February 24	230 and Homestead	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	650				
February 22	February 22	2300 and Quiet Road	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	325				
February 25	February 27	Honey Creek	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	300				
								<b>10,645</b>	<b>0</b>			<b>0</b>
March 3	March 3	Quarry	CO	FCQ	DOD	WF	H	6,328	4			
March 4	March 4	Nick	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	350				
March 15	March 16	Hurley Butte	SD	SDS	State	WF	U	525				
March 16	March 17	NE Jim River Road	SD	SDS	State	WF	H	600	7			
March 17	March 18	Burmack	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	350				
March 21	March 23	Langley	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	900	5			
								<b>9,053</b>	<b>16</b>			<b>0</b>
April 4	April 6	Browning	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	2,000				
April 4	April 6	Craig Naler	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	3,000				
April 8	April 9	141sr Road	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	1,000				
April 8	April 9	Q Road Fire Complex	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	300				
April 8	April 13	Lincoln County Complex	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	5,350	4			
April 11	April 13	Porter	KS	KSX	County	WF	H	730				
								<b>12,460</b>	<b>4</b>			<b>0</b>

**Rocky Mountain Area and Coordination Center 2009 Annual Report**

Start Date	1st Day as a Large Fire	Incident Name	State	Unit	Agency	Kind	Cause	Acres	Structures Destroyed	IMT Type	Incident Commander's	Number of Days Listed As IC on the ICS-209
July 7	July 7	Roan Cliffs	CO	GRD	BLM	C	L	923				
July 10	July 11	Newlin Creek	CO	PBX	County	WF	H	142				
July 12	July 16	Dominguez	CO	GMF	USFS	C	L	2,599				
July 14	July 14	Grammer	CO	UPD	BLM	WF	L	801				
July 19	July 20	Duck Creek	CO	WRD	BLM	WF	L	331				
July 21	July 23	Buniger	CO	GRD	BLM	C	L	403				
July 27	July 30	Wheeler Draw	CO	GMF	USFS	WF	L	154				
July 28	July 28	Spring Creek	CO	WRD	BLM	WF	U	1,330				
July 31	August 5	Wild Cow	CO	LSD	BLM	WF	L	291				
								<b>6,974</b>	<b>0</b>			<b>0</b>
August 1	August 8	Dry Creek	CO	UPD	BLM	WF	L	154				
August 2	August 3	Bradfield	CO	SJF	USFS	WF	L	2,400				
August 3	August 3	Allred	CO	MFX	County	WF	L	2,068				
August 4	August 4	Windmill Draw	WY	CRX	County	WF	L	1,933	4			
August 7	August 8	Boone Draw	CO	MFX	County	WF	H	250				
August 7	August 8	Mellen	CO	WRD	BLM	WF	L	3,603				
August 7	August 8	Scenery Gulch	CO	RBX	County	WF	L	380				
August 8	August 8	Narraguinnep	CO	SJF	USFS	WF	L	7,300				
August 9	August 11	Pinon	CO	SUA	BIA	WF	L	111				
August 17	August 31	Kissinger	CO	WRD	BLM	C	L	345				
August 19	August 20	Three Mile	CO	WRD	BLM	WF	L	113				
August 23	August 24	Rough Draw	WY	CMX	County	WF	L	428				
August 29	August 30	Tabaguache Creek	CO	GMF	USFS	WF	L	935				
August 30	September 1	Spring	CO	MFX	County	WF	L	979				
								<b>20,999</b>	<b>4</b>			<b>0</b>
September 6	September 7	Duncan	WY	WRA	BIA	WF	L	426				
September	September 18	Robinson	WY	COX	County	WF	H	340				
September	September 28	Castle	WY	SHF	USFS	WF	L	350				
								<b>1,116</b>	<b>0</b>			<b>0</b>
November 6	November 11	R02 Bark Beetle	CO	R02	USFS	Other	N/A	N/A		NIMO	Gage	56
November 7	November 11	Baker Draw	CO	ARF	USFS	WF	H	623				
								<b>623</b>	<b>0</b>			<b>56</b>
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>								<b>66,204</b>	<b>27</b>			<b>56</b>

See the Appendix for the Large Incident Summary organized by state rather than month, as seen above.

**2009 RMA LARGE FIRE SUMMARY BY AGENCY**

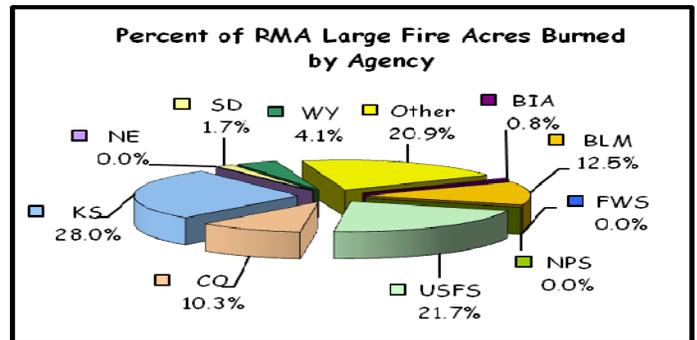
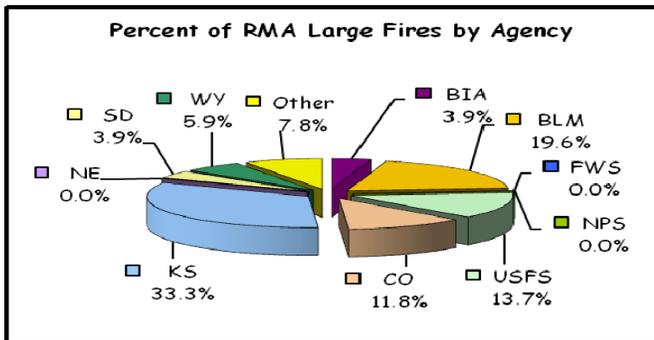
The following table shows the number of large fires and acres burned by large fires in the RMA. The data in the table is based on the last ICS-209 report submitted electronically and are not necessarily the official acres of the incident. The "Agency" listed is the jurisdictional agency listed on the ICS-209 and is not necessarily the only agency that was affected by the incident. Large fires reported under a county's jurisdiction are included in the corresponding state's figures.

Agency	State	Large Fires	Large Fire Acres
BIA	CO	1	111
	KS	0	0
	NE	0	0
	SD	0	0
	WY	1	0
	ND	0	426
<b>Total</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>537</b>
<hr/>			
BLM	CO	10	8,294
	WY	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>10</b>	<b>8,294</b>
<hr/>			
FWS	CO	0	0
	KS	0	0
	NE	0	0
	SD	0	0
	WY	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<hr/>			
NPS	CO	0	0
	KS	0	0
	NE	0	0
	SD	0	0
	WY	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<hr/>			
USFS	CO	6	14,011
	KS	0	0
	NE	0	0
	SD	0	0
	WY	1	350
<b>Total</b>		<b>7</b>	<b>14,361</b>
<hr/>			
STATES	CO	6	6,827
	KS	17	18,535
	NE	0	0
	SD	2	1,125
	WY	3	2,701
<b>Total</b>		<b>28</b>	<b>29,188</b>
<b>OTHER</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>13,824</b>
<hr/>			
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>		<b>52</b>	<b>66,204</b>

**ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA 2009 LARGE FIRE SUMMARY BY AGENCY**

The following table and two pie charts illustrate the percent of large fires and percent of large fire acreage burned for each of the agencies within the RMA. Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are represented individually. What this means is that a fire that occurred on BIA land in Colorado will only be represented in the BIA pie slice below; it will not be included in the Colorado pie slice. The State percentages represent all Non-federal fires and acres in the respective state. Other includes other Federal Agencies not

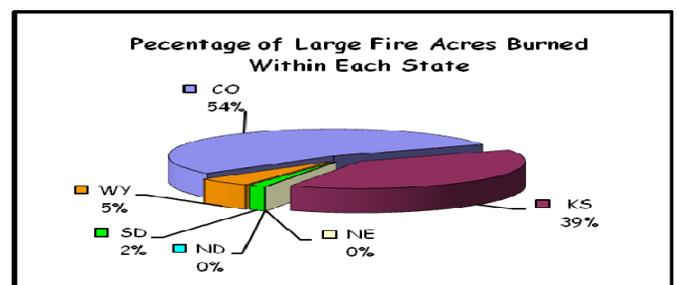
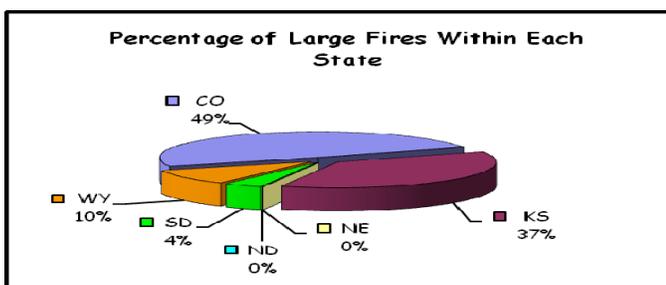
Agency Type	Agency	Large Fires	Large Fire Acres
FEDERAL	BIA	2	537
	BLM	10	8,294
	FWS	0	0
	NPS	0	0
	USFS	7	14,361
STATES	CO	6	6,827
	KS	17	18,535
	NE	0	0
	SD	2	1,125
	WY	3	0
OTHER	Other	5	13,824
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>		<b>52</b>	<b>66,204</b>



**2009 RMA LARGE FIRE SUMMARY BY STATE**

The following table and pie charts show the number of large fire and acres burned by large fires within each of the five states of the RMA and the North Dakota incident managed by the RMA. Both Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are included in these state totals. This information is from the last electronically submitted ICS-209 for an incident, which are not necessarily the official acres for the incident.

State	Large Fires	Large Fire Acres
CO	26	35,777
KS	19	25,825
ND	0	0
NE	0	0
SD	2	1,125
WY	5	3,477
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>66,204</b>



## RESOURCES

### TOTAL RMA RESOURCE MOVEMENT THROUGH RMC IN 2009

The following table shows the total number of resource orders, by resource category, processed by Rocky Mountain Area Coordination Center (RMC) for all incidents, which were filled with RMA resources. An RMA resource is defined as any resource from a unit within the Rocky Mountain Geographic Area. The Agency listed is the assigned resource's agency. For example a crew from Rocky Mountain National Park (NPS) was assigned to an incident on the Boise National Forest in Idaho (USFS). That crew assignment would be counted in the crew column on the NPS row. See the Appendix for a breakdown of RMA resources used within the area and RMA resources sent out of the area.

Agency	Overhead	Crews	Engines	Miscellaneous Equipment/Supplies	Aircraft
BIA	67	12	14	0	5
BLM	528	23	62	13	19
FWS	24	3	4	0	0
NPS	124	18	18	1	4
USFS	840	127	276	40	71
STATES	526	53	206	97	22
OTHER	4	0	0	0	27
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,113</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>148</b>

NOTE: OTHER includes FAA, FEMA, GSA, DOE, NWS, National Guard, ADs, and private resources (contractors).

### OUTSIDE RESOURCES BROUGHT INTO THE RMA IN 2009

The following table shows the total number of resources, by resource category, from units outside the RMA that filled resource requests from incidents within the RMA.

Non-RMA Resources	Overhead	Crews	Engines	Miscellaneous Equipment/Supplies	Aircraft
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>88</b>

### ALL RESOURCE REQUESTS PROCESSED BY RMC IN 2009

The following table shows the total number of resource requests, by resource category, processed by RMC. The requests are listed as either Filled - resource successfully assigned, UTF - Unable To Fill request, or Cancelled - ordering unit cancelled request prior to resource being assigned. The results of this table are displayed in the bar graph on the following page.

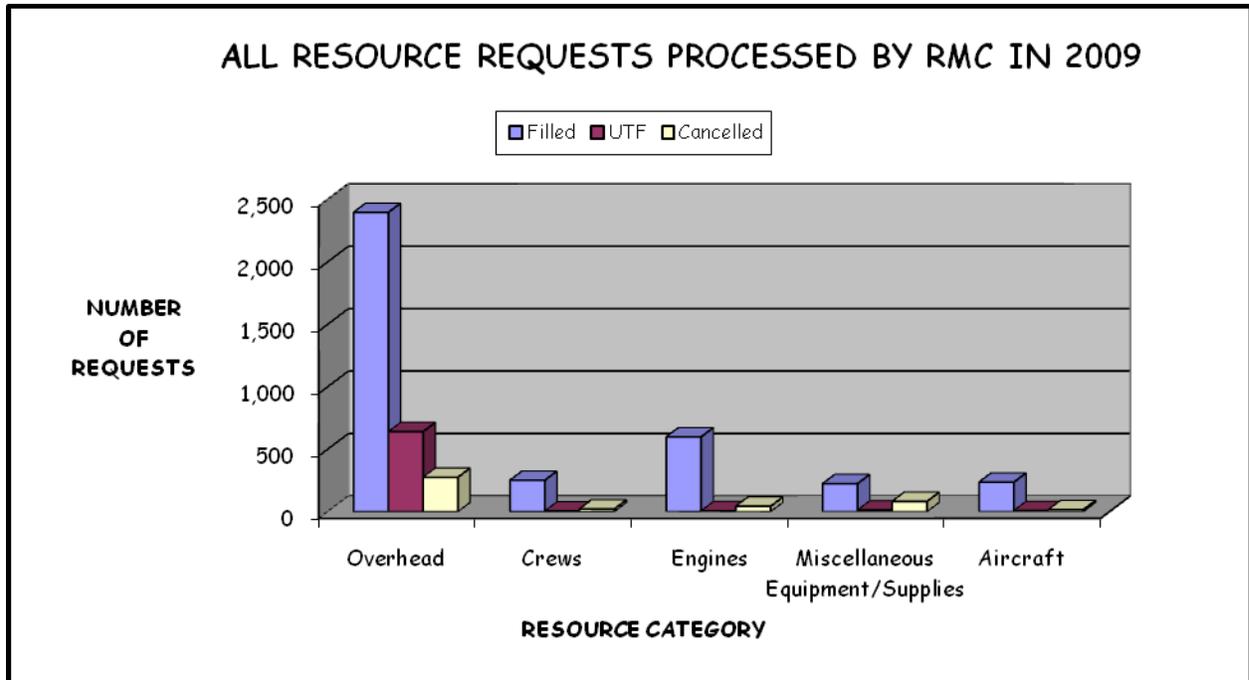
Request Status	Overhead	Crews	Engines	Miscellaneous Equipment/Supplies	Aircraft
Filled	2,396	251	599	224	236
UTF	641	5	7	13	9
Cancelled	275	21	43	82	17
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,312</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>649</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>262</b>

The following table shows the percentage, by resource category, of resource request's status processed by RMC. For example: 2,794 of the 4,720 Overhead resource requests, or 59%, were successfully filled.

Request Status	Overhead	Crews	Engines	Miscellaneous Equipment/Supplies	Aircraft
Filled	72%	91%	92%	70%	90%
UTF	19%	2%	1%	4%	3%
Cancelled	8%	8%	7%	26%	6%

**ALL RESOURCE REQUESTS PROCESSED BY RMC IN 2009**

The following bar graph shows the total number of resource requests, by resource category, processed by RMC. It is the visual representation of the table on the preceding page with the same heading.



**RMA FIVE YEAR COMPARISON BY RESOURCE CATEGORY FROM 2003 TO 2007  
(RMA RESOURCES ONLY)**

The following tables show the previous 5 years of filled resource requests, by resource categories, which were processed by RMC. The table's figures **only** accounts for RMA resources that filled either RMA or National resource requests. It does not include resources from outside the RMA that filled RMA resource requests. The figures in this table can be compared to the previous table entitled "TOTAL RMA RESOURCE MOVEMENT THROUGH RMC IN 2009". See the Appendix for a more detailed 5 year comparison table, showing Agency breakdown as well.

Year	Overhead	Crews	Engines	Misc. Equipment	Aircraft
2008	2,178	251	248	56	107
2007	1,910	212	209	49	148
2006	2,075	130	335	60	195
2005	1,472	103	155	53	132
2004	1,059	81	92	37	122
<b>5-YEAR AVG</b>	<b>1,739</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>141</b>



VISITING IMTs TO THE RMA IN 2009

The following table shows the Incident Management Teams (IMTs), Area Command Teams (AC) and National Incident Management Organization(s) (NIMO) ordered into the Rocky Mountain Area and the assignments those IMTs/s/ACs/NIMOs had in 2009. The "Start Date" is the date the fire started, not necessarily the date the IMT/Organization/ was assigned to the incident. Other "home" RMA IMTs/ACs/s may have also been assigned to the fires listed below, see the proceeding section entitled "RMA Large Incident Summary By Month for 2009" to obtain a complete listing of all large fires in the RMA and teams assigned to those fires.

Start Date	1st Day as a Large Fire	Incident Commander(s)	IMT Type	Number of Days Listed As IC on the ICS 209*	Incident Name	Incident Number
November 6	November 10	Gage	NIMO	56	R02 Bark Beetle Emergency Response	CO- R02-000010
<b>TOTAL</b>				<b>56</b>		
<b>Number of Type 1 Visiting IMT Days</b>				<b>0</b>		
<b>Number of Type 2 Visiting IMT Days</b>				<b>0</b>		
<b>Number of Visiting IMT Days</b>				<b>0</b>		
<b>Number of AC Visiting IMT Days</b>				<b>0</b>		
<b>Number of NIMO Visiting Days</b>				<b>56</b>		

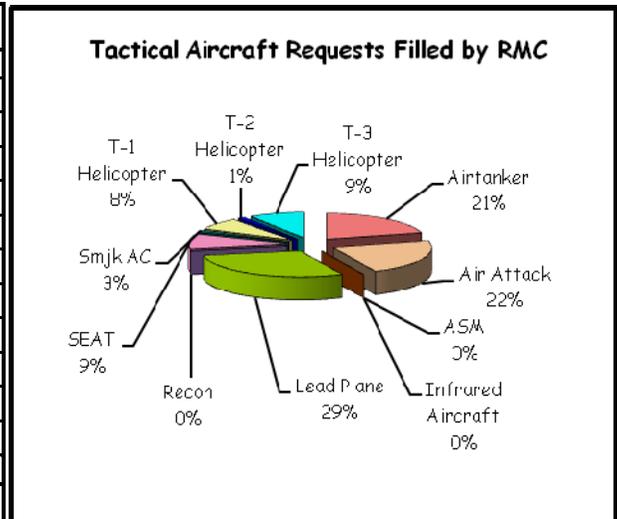
## AVIATION

### TACTICAL AVIATION RESOURCE BREAKDOWN IN 2009

(Orders processed by RMC only)

The following table and pie chart reflect, by aircraft type, the number of tactical aircraft resource requests processed by RMC during the 2009 fire season. This table does not reflect non-tactical aircraft resource requests such as Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFRs) or Radio Frequencies. Infrared Aircraft includes both fixed and rotary wing aircraft used for infrared flights. MAFFS are included in the Airtanker row.

Resource Type	Ordered	Filled	Cancelled	UTF
Airtanker	59	39	19	1
Air Attack	42	41	1	0
ASM <sup>‡</sup>	0	0	0	0
Infrared Aircraft	0	0	0	0
Lead Plane	69	54	15	0
Recon	0	0	0	0
SEAT	19	17	2	0
Smokejumper AC	2	2	0	0
T-1 Helicopter	14	14	0	0
T-2 Helicopter	2	2	0	0
T-3 Helicopter	19	17	2	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>1</b>



<sup>‡</sup> ASM = Aerial Supervision Module

### RMA CONTRACT HELICOPTER SUMMARY FOR 2009

The following table shows the contract helicopters based within the RMA during the 2009 fire season. The table does not reflect a helicopters use by the local dispatch center, nor does it reflect a helicopter being shared with a local dispatch centers neighbors. It only reflects a helicopters use based on resource orders processed by RMC. In the table below under the type column, an EX stands for a typical Exclusive Use contract whereas an NMAC stands for National Multi-Agency Coordinating Group Contract.

Call Sign / Tail # / Base	Type	National Assignments	Days Out National	Area Assignments	Days Out In Area
H-4CH/N184CH/CUT	1-EX	1	6	1	3
HT-742/N6962R/Jeffco	1-EX	3	23	0	0
HT-744/N247AC/Rifle	1-EX	2	13	4	16
HT-5CH/N905CH/Durango	1-EX	1	16	0	0
H-9EV/N359EV/Ute Mtn	3-EX	1	0	0	9
H-2LM/N722LM/Mesa Verde	3-EX	1	1	0	0
H-5HX/N25HX/Monument	3-EX	0	0	2	6
H-1BH/N31BH/Rifle	3-EX	0	0	1	1
H-4EV/N354EV/Custer	3-EX	0	0	1	3
H-6EV/N356EV/Ft. Washakie	3-EX	0	0	1	7
H-3BH/N173BH/Rawlins	3-EX	0	0	1	6
H-1KA/N171KA/Casper	3-EX				
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>8</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>48</b>
<b>Avg Days Out Per Assignment</b>			<b>6.6</b>		<b>4.0</b>
<b>Avg Days Out Per Helicopter</b>			<b>5.3</b>		<b>4.8</b>

Note: The above table does not include Preparedness/Preposition and Support/Severity assignments.

**RMA CONTRACT AIRTANKER/SEAT OPERATIONS IN 2009**

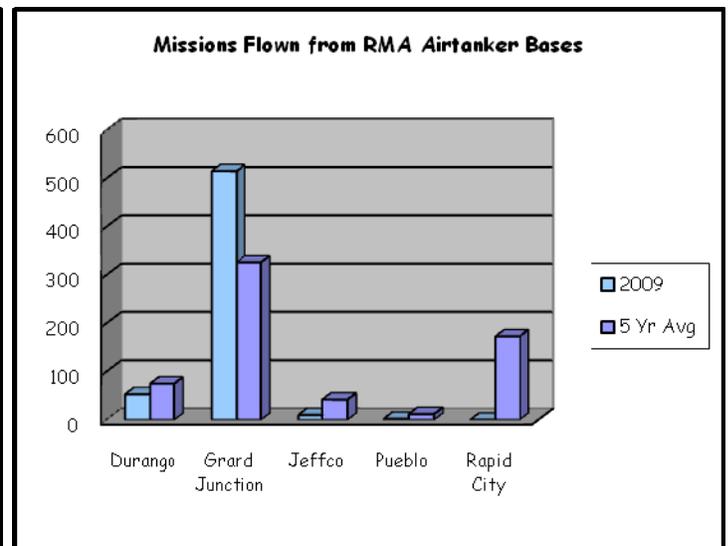
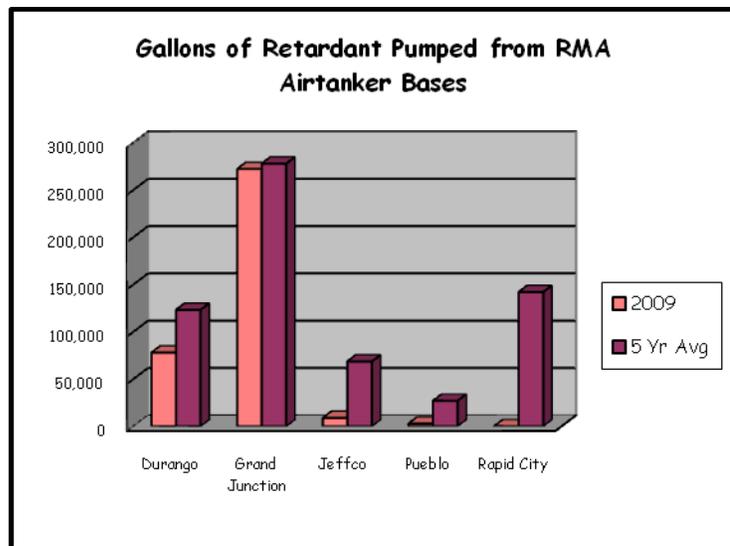
The following table shows the contract Airtankers/SEATs based with the RMA during the fire season. The Gallons Delivered and Missions Flown columns reflect all gallons and missions for that contract airtanker/SEAT, whether the mission was within the RMA or not.

Tanker Number	Agency	Gallons Delivered	Missions Flown
T-875 (SEAT)	CO State	54,102	70
T-878 (SEAT)	CO State	68,225	92
T-880 (SEAT)	CO State	6,655	9
T-882 (SEAT)	CO State	19,574	27
T-882 (SEAT)	CO BLM	76,557	100
T-473 (SEAT)	CO BLM	25,759	38
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>250,872</b>	<b>336</b>

**RMA AIRTANKER BASE AND RELOAD BASE OPERATIONS IN 2009**

The following table and pie charts show the Airtanker and Reload Bases within the RMA. The Gallons Pumped and Missions Flown columns reflect all gallons and Airtanker missions flown out of that Base, however those missions are not necessarily just RMA missions, as an RMA base could be used as a reload facility for other geographic areas.

Tanker Base	Gallons Pumped 2009	Missions Flown 2009	5 Yr Avg Gallons Pumped	5 Yr Avg Missions Flown
Durango	77,989	53	123,224	75
Grand Junction	272,199	515	277,827	326
Jeffco	8,863	10	68,618	42
Pueblo	2,800	2	26,960	12
Rapid City	0	0	141,984	173
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>	<b>361,851</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>638,613</b>	<b>627</b>



## HANDCREWS

### RMA TYPE 1 HANDCREW SUMMARY FOR 2009

The following table shows the 7 Type 1 handcrews hosted in the RMA and the total incidents, in area and out-of-area that each crew was assigned to during the 2009 fire season. These figures come directly from each crew and represent all incidents, not just incidents that RMC processed an order for. Days listed represent days working on an incident and do not include travel or R&R.

Crew Name	Area Incidents	Total Days On Area Incidents	National Incidents	Total Days On National Incidents
Alpine Hotshots	8	25	5	20
Craig Hotshots	9	26	5	20
Pike Hotshots	8	19	4	21
Roosevelt Hotshots	13	41	1	4
San Juan Hotshots	5	24	9	27
Tatanka Hotshots	1	5	5	29
Wyoming Hotshots	9	12	3	27
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>148</b>
Average Days Crews Worked on Incidents this Season		21.7		21.1
Average Days Crews Worked on a Single Incident		2.9		4.6

### RMA TYPE 2 and Type 2IA HANDCREW SUMMARY FOR 2009

The following table shows the Type 2 and Type 2IA handcrew orders that were processed by the RMC for crews that are an RMA resource. An RMA resource is defined as any resource from a unit within the Rocky Mountain Geographic Area.

	Area Assignments	Days Out	National Assignment	Days Out
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>318</b>
<b>Avg Days Out</b>		<b>2.2</b>		<b>6.6</b>

### VISITING TYPE 1, Type 2 AND TYPE 2IA HANDCREWS TO THE RMA IN 2009

The following table shows the total number of Type 1, Type 2 and Type 2IA crews that visited the RMA in 2009. The table does not reflect the number of individual incidents a crew might have been assigned to while in the RMA.

Crew Type	Number of Assignments	Days on Assignments	Avg Days on Assignment in the RMA
Type 1 handcrew	9	38	4.2
Type 2 and Type 2IA handcrew	6	14	2.3
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>3.5</b>

# APPENDIX

	Page Number
<b>10 YEAR RMA INTERAGENCY FIRE STATISTICS</b> This section includes a table of RMA fires and acres over the last 10 years by individual year and agency.	Appendix - 1
<b>RMA Large Incident Summary</b> This section includes tables of all large incidents reported to the Rocky Mountain Coordination Center on an ICS-209 sorted by State.	Appendix - 2
<b>RMA Resource Breakdown</b> This section includes a table of RMA resources that were assigned to RMA incidents and a table of RMA resources that were assigned to incidents outside of the RMA during the 2009 season, as well as a 5 year comparison by year and agency of RMA resource assignments.	Appendix - 3

## 10 YEAR RMA INTERAGENCY FIRE STATISTICS

The following table shows the number of fires and acres burned for each of the agencies within the RMA over the past 10 years, not including the 2009 data. Federal and Non-federal fires and acres are listed individually. What this means is that a fire that occurred on BIA land in Colorado will **only** be represented in the BIA row below; it will **not** be included in the Colorado row. The State figures represent all Non-federal fires and acres in the respective state as reported to the USFS Regional Office's State and Private Forestry staff.

Agency	2008		2007		2006		2005		2004	
	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres
<b>BIA</b>	687	2,101	1,107	29,785	1,869	77,107	1,353	14,605	1,418	9,038
<b>BLM</b>	394	17,477	612	17,072	765	29,932	525	13,011	556	12,712
<b>FWS</b>	24	1,934	22	1,731	44	2,993	40	2,393	36	1,426
<b>NPS</b>	44	10,694	38	318	60	689	34	30	42	34
<b>USFS</b>	431	81,271	531	43,650	655	65,557	560	28,723	546	8,562
<b>Federal Total</b>	<b>1,580</b>	<b>113,477</b>	<b>2,310</b>	<b>92,556</b>	<b>3,393</b>	<b>176,278</b>	<b>2,512</b>	<b>58,762</b>	<b>2,598</b>	<b>31,772</b>
<b>States</b>										
<b>CO</b>	2,142	75,571	2,932	18,086	3,294	201,809	2,014	14,446	1,826	15,293
<b>KS</b>	5,821	127,838	2,552	26,507	6,871	158,103	3,836	108,566	1,805	35,702
<b>NE</b>	751	8,456	801	20,301	1,858	120,076	1,375	25,290	1,010	14,657
<b>SD</b>	354	6,482	1,027	180,399	1,027	180,399	633	41,655	449	14,100
<b>WY</b>	533	51,456	597	29,059	1,008	262,152	697	17,104	665	23,909
<b>State Total</b>	<b>9,601</b>	<b>269,803</b>	<b>7,909</b>	<b>274,352</b>	<b>14,058</b>	<b>922,539</b>	<b>8,555</b>	<b>207,061</b>	<b>5,755</b>	<b>103,661</b>
<b>Other</b>	13	53,428	4	3,533	5	5,586	4	78	0	0
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>	<b>11,194</b>	<b>436,708</b>	<b>10,223</b>	<b>370,441</b>	<b>17,456</b>	<b>1,104,403</b>	<b>11,071</b>	<b>265,901</b>	<b>8,353</b>	<b>135,433</b>

Agency	2003		2002		2001		2000		1999	
	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres	Fires	Acres
<b>BIA</b>	1,153	24,300	1,341	68,675	1,197	51,156	1,467	244,339	882	23,919
<b>BLM</b>	915	17,631	610	48,283	746	15,766	914	147,478	503	18,431
<b>FWS</b>	51	2,025	52	1,068	21	433	40	24,728	55	3,207
<b>NPS</b>	67	1,114	62	7,903	69	549	70	39,399	38	246
<b>USFS</b>	810	56,495	822	362,020	676	38,589	896	143,515	385	8,304
<b>Federal Total</b>	<b>2,996</b>	<b>101,565</b>	<b>2,887</b>	<b>487,949</b>	<b>2,709</b>	<b>106,493</b>	<b>3,387</b>	<b>599,459</b>	<b>1,863</b>	<b>54,107</b>
<b>States</b>										
<b>CO</b>	2,410	23,276	3,409	244,252	2,966	45,816	2,043	76,288	1,987	33,255
<b>KS</b>	3,721	75,060	6,024	93,017	3,101	35,092	2,265	39,513	3,050	25,688
<b>NE</b>	1,114	22,528	1,835	90,562	620	17,230	1,982	252,247	1,350	177,024
<b>SD</b>	565	77,051	725	166,928	564	55,976	107	12,873	60	245
<b>WY</b>	727	22,888	815	163,227	219	18,414	909	358,697	574	47,097
<b>State Total</b>	<b>8,537</b>	<b>220,803</b>	<b>12,808</b>	<b>757,986</b>	<b>7,470</b>	<b>172,528</b>	<b>7,306</b>	<b>739,618</b>	<b>7,021</b>	<b>283,309</b>
<b>Other*</b>	0	0	75	13,819	59	5,426	12	3,226	95	5,184
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>	<b>11,533</b>	<b>322,368</b>	<b>15,770</b>	<b>1,259,754</b>	<b>10,238</b>	<b>284,447</b>	<b>10,705</b>	<b>1,342,303</b>	<b>8,979</b>	<b>342,600</b>

## RMA LARGE INCIDENT SUMMARY BY STATE FOR 2009

The following table shows the same information found earlier in this report in the section entitled "RMA Large Incident Summary By Month For 2009", however this table is organized first by the state in which the incident occurred, and then by the date the incident occurred. All of the narrative information about the preceding table should be applied to this table as well.

Incident Name	State	Unit	Agency	Kind	Start Date	1 <sup>st</sup> Day as a Large Fire	Cause	Acres	Structures Destroyed	IMT Type	Incident Commander(s)	Number of Days Listed As IC on the ICS-209	
Olde Stage	CO	BLX	County	WF	January 7	January 8	U	3,008	3				
Orchard Canyon	CO	FCQ	DOD	WF	January 21	January 21	H	206					
Quarry	CO	FCQ	DOD	WF	March 3	March 3	H	6,328	4				
Roan Cliffs	CO	GRD	BLM	C	July 7	July 7	I	923					
Newlin Creek	CO	PBX	County	WF	July 10	July 11	H	142					
Dominguez	CO	GMF	USFS	C	July 12	July 16	L	2,599					
Grammer	CO	UPD	BLM	WF	July 14	July 14	L	801					
Duck Creek	CO	WRD	BLM	WF	July 19	July 20	L	331					
Buniger	CO	GRD	BLM	C	July 21	July 23	L	403					
Wheeler Draw	CO	GMF	USFS	WF	July 27	July 30	L	154					
Spring Creek	CO	WRD	BLM	WF	July 28	July 28	U	1,330					
Wild Cow	CO	LSD	BLM	WF	July 31	August 5	L	291					
Dry Creek	CO	UPD	BLM	WF	August 1	August 8	L	154					
Bradfield	CO	SJF	USFS	WF	August 2	August 3	L	2,400					
Allred	CO	MFX	County	WF	August 3	August 3	L	2,068					
Boone Draw	CO	MFX	County	WF	August 7	August 8	L	250					
Mellen	CO	WRD	BLM	WF	August 7	August 8	L	3,603					
Scenery Gulch	CO	RBX	County	WF	August 7	August 8	L	380					
Narraguinnep	CO	SJF	USFS	WF	August 8	August 8	L	7,300					
Pinon	CO	SUA	BIA	WF	August 9	August 11	L	111					
Kissinger	CO	WRD	BLM	C	August 17	August 31	L	345					
Three Mile	CO	WRD	BLM	WF	August 19	August 20	L	113					
Tabaguache Creek	CO	GMF	USFS	WF	August 29	August 30	L	935					
Spring	CO	MFX	County	WF	August 30	September 1	L	979					
R02 Bark Beetle	CO	R02	USFS	Other	November 6	November 11	N/A			NIMO	Gage	56	
Baker Draw	CO	ARF	USFS	WF	November 7	November 11	H	623					
								<b>35,777</b>	<b>7</b>				<b>56</b>
Shinkle	KS	KSX	County	WF	January 31	February 3	H	1,200					
Ferguson Ranch	KS	KSX	County	WF	February 6	February 9	H	640					
Snake Farm	KS	KSX	County	WF	February 7	February 9	H	500					
Road M	KS	KSX	County	WF	February 10	February 11	H	640					
MA-Kilo	KS	DDQ	DOD	WF	February 19	February 20	H	2,490					
Deep Creek	KS	KSX	County	WF	February 20	February 22	U	300					
Old 82	KS	DDQ	DOD	WF	February 20	February 22	H	4,800					
2300 and Quiet Road	KS	KSX	County	WF	February 22	February 22	H	325					
230 and Homestead	KS	KSX	County	WF	February 22	February 24	H	650					
Honey Creek	KS	KSX	County	WF	February 25	February 27	H	300					
Nick	KS	KSX	County	WF	March 4	March 4	H	350					

Incident Name	State	Unit	Agency	Kind	Start Date	1 <sup>st</sup> Day as a Large Fire	Cause	Acres	Structures Destroyed	IMT Type	Incident Commander(s)	Number of Days Listed As IC on the ICS-209
Burmack	KS	KSX	County	WF	March 17	March 18	H	350				
Langley	KS	KSX	County	WF	March 21	March 23	H	900	5			
Browning	KS	KSX	County	WF	April 4	April 6	H	2,000				
Craig Naler	KS	KSX	County	WF	April 4	April 6	H	3,000				
141st Road	KS	KSK	County	WF	April 8	April 9	H	1,000				
Q Road Fire Cplx	KS	KSX	County	WF	April 8	April 9	H	300				
Lincoln County Cplx	KS	KSX	County	WF	April 8	April 13	H	5,350	4			
Porter	KS	KSX	County	WF	April 11	April 13	H	730				
								<b>25,825</b>	<b>9</b>			
Hurely Butte	SD	SDS	State	WF	March 15	March 16	U	525				
NE Jim River Road	SD	SDS	State	WF	March 16	March 17	H	600	7			
								<b>1,125</b>	<b>7</b>			
Windmill Draw	WY	CRX	County	WF	August 4	August 4	L	1,933	4			
Rough Draw	WY	CMX	County	WF	August 23	August 24	L	428				
Duncan	WY	WRA	BIA	WF	September 6	September 7	L	426				
Robinson	WY	COX	County	WF	September 18	September 18	H	340				
Castle	WY	SHF	USFS	WF	September	September 28	L	350				
								<b>3,477</b>	<b>4</b>			
<b>RMA TOTAL</b>								<b>66,204</b>	<b>27</b>			

**RMA RESOURCE BREAKDOWN  
RMA RESOURCES PROCESSED THROUGH RMC IN 2009  
FOR RMA ASSIGNMENTS**

The following table shows the number of resource orders, by resource category, processed by Rocky Mountain Area Coordination Center for **RMA incidents, which were filled with RMA resources**. An RMA resource is defined as any resource from a unit within the Rocky Mountain Geographic Area. The Agency listed is the assigned resource's agency. For example a crew from Rocky Mountain National Park (NPS) was assigned to an incident on the Gunnison National Forest (USFS). That crew assignment would be counted in the crew column on the NPS row.

Agency	Overhead	Crews	Engines	Misc. Equipment	Aircraft
BIA	30	6	11	0	11
BLM	383	21	60	13	81
FWS	21	2	4	0	0
NPS	105	11	19	1	10
USFS	607	82	253	36	209
STATES	244	50	179	100	81
OTHER	1	0	0	1	5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,391</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>397</b>

NOTE: OTHER includes FAA, FEMA, GSA, DOE, NWS, National Guard, ADs, and private resources (contractors).

**RMA RESOURCES PROCESSED THROUGH RMC IN 2009  
FOR NATIONAL ASSIGNMENTS**

The following table shows the number of resource orders, by resource category, processed by Rocky Mountain Area Coordination Center for National incidents, which were filled with RMA resources. A National incident is any incident outside the RMA. An RMA resource is defined as any resource from a unit within the Rocky Mountain Geographic Area. The Agency listed is the assigned resource's agency. For example a crew from Rocky Mountain National Park (NPS) was assigned to an incident on the Boise National Forest in Idaho (USFS). That crew assignment would be counted in the crew column on the NPS row.

Agency	Overhead	Crews	Engines	Misc. Equipment	Aircraft
BIA	64	8	4	0	9
BLM	266	16	15	0	8
FWS	38	1	3	0	0
NPS	120	7	1	0	6
USFS	589	50	41	9	61
STATES	283	5	31	21	24
OTHER	3	0	0	1	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,363</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>108</b>

NOTE: OTHER includes FAA, FEMA, GSA, DOE, NWS, National Guard, ADs, and private resources (contractors).

**5 YEAR COMPARISON BY RESOURCE CATEGORY AND AGENCY  
RMA RESOURCES MOVED BY RMC (All Assignments)**

The following table shows the **total number of resource orders** for the past 5 years, by resource category, processed by Rocky Mountain Area Coordination Center for all incidents, which were **filled with RMA resources**. An RMA resource is defined as any resource from a unit within the Rocky Mountain Geographic Area. The Agency listed is the assigned resource's agency. For example a crew from Rocky Mountain National Park (NPS) was assigned to an incident on the Boise National Forest in Idaho (USFS). That crew assignment would be counted in the crew column on the NPS row.

Agency	Year	Resource Category				
		Overhead	Crews	Engines	Misc. Equipment	Aircraft
BIA	2008	96	65	17	0	9
	2007	72	55	13	0	7
	2006	54	68	6	0	3
	2005	4	8	2	0	0
	2004	21	9	4	0	5
	<b>Avg/Year</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>
BLM	2008	322	38	23	0	18
	2007	248	25	28	0	12
	2006	277	21		17	17
	2005	190	11	21	16	30
	2004	265	24	14	0	11
	<b>Avg/Year</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>18</b>
FWS	2008	73	7	13	0	0
	2007	42	6	10	0	0
	2006	53	1	22	0	0
	2005	28	1	6	0	0
	2004	59	1	19	0	0
	<b>Avg/Year</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
NPS	2008	181	15	8	0	1
	2007	203	15	9	0	3
	2006	217	12	5	0	3
	2005	124	7	9	3	1
	2004	245	15	3	0	1
	<b>Avg/Year</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
USFS	2008	934	59	69	30	71
	2007	834	99	60	31	62
	2006	853	66	50	34	86
	2005	430	46	39	17	47
	2004	934	88	38	40	108
	<b>Avg/Year</b>	<b>797</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>75</b>
STATES	2008	392	14	78	7	34
	2007	337	9	67	3	13
	2006	398	10	103	3	20
	2005	230	7	13	1	7
	2004	446	7	110	3	20
	<b>Avg/Year</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>19</b>
OTHER	2008	234	5	40	19	58
	2007	174	3	22	15	51
	2006	161	0	27	17	68
	2005	29	0	0	0	32
	2004	175	0	26	19	80
	<b>Avg/Year</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>58</b>

NOTE: Other includes FEMA, GSA, DOE, NWS, Nat. Guard, ADs, and private resources (contractors).