

Initial Attack Fire Size-Up					
Fire Name:		Fire Code:		Incident District Number	BLM:
					USFS:
IC Name:					IDL:
					CDA Tribe:
Descriptive Location:					
Coordinates:		Lat:		Long:	
Ensure all GPS coordinates are WGS84 Datum, Degree Decimal Minutes					
Confirmed Legal:		TWN:		RNG:	Sec: 1/4:
Reported By:			Number:		
Arrival Date:			Time:		
Ownership:		Protection:		Acres:	
Management Options:		Full	Modified	Limited	Resource Benefits
Control Problems		Yes	No	Specify:	
Estimated Containment			Date:		Time:
Estimated Control			Date:		Time:
Fire Investigator		No	Yes	Name:	
Values at Risk?		Yes	No	Specify:	
(Native Allotments, Cabins, Camps/Claims, People, other)					
Fire Intensity Level: (In feet)			(average flame length at the head of fire)		
Spread Potential/Rate of Spread: 1)Low 2)Moderate 3)High 4)Extreme					
Slope at the Head of the Fire: (Actual percent %)					
Position on Slope		1) Ridgetop 3) Upper 1/3 5) Lower 1/3 7) Valley Bottom 9) Flat/Rolling			
		2) Saddle 4) Middle 1/3 6) Canyon Bottom 8) Mesa/Plateau			
Fire Behavior		1) Smoldering 3) Running 5) Torching 7) Crown/Spotting			
		2) Creeping 4) Spotting 6) Crowning 8) Erratic			
Aspect: 1) North 2) NE 3) East 4) SE 5) South 6) SW 7) West 8)NW 9) Ridgetop					
Fuel Type		1) Grass 3) Intermountain Brush 5) Ponderosa/Conifer 7) Aspen 9) Other			
		2) Grass/Brush 4) Open w/ Grass 6) Spruce Fir 8) Slash			
Weather Conditions		1) Clear 3) Building Cumulus 5) Lightning 7) Intermittent Showers			
		2) Scattered Clouds 4) T-Storms in Area 6) Overcast 8) Heavy Showers			
Wind		MPH:		Direction:	
Elevation:			Cause of Fire:		
Additional Resources:					
Ground and Aerial Hazard:					
Dip Sites:					

LINE SUPPLY ORDER					
Date & Time Ordered/Needed		Incident Name	Location for Delivery (Div/LZ/DP/Lat Long)	Mode of delivery (Driven / Helicopter / Para cargo)	
Line Item	NFES #	Item Description		U/I	QTY
1	1016	HOSE, GARDEN ¾" X 50'		LG	
2	0932	Hose, 1" x 100' TYPE 2		LG	
3	0933	HOSE, 1.5" X 100' TYPE 2		LG	
4	0904	VALVE, WYE GATED ¾" (BRASS)		EA	
5	0835	VALVE, SHUT OFF ¾" (BRASS)		EA	
6	0259	VALVE, WYE GATED 1"		EA	
7	0231	VALVE, WYE GATED 1 ½"		EA	
8	0733	REDUCER, 1" - ¾"		EA	
9	0010	REDUCER, 1 ½" - 1"		EA	
10	0024	NOZZLE, TWIN-TIP (FORESTER)		EA	
11	0136	NOZZLE, GARDEN ¾"		EA	
12	0772	MOPUP KIT (3-WAND)		KT	
13	01149	PUMP, BACKPACK, OUTFIT		EA	
13	01048	SPRINKLER KIT (4-SPRINKLER)		KT	
14	08653	SPRINKLER, TRI-POD		KT	
15	0870	KIT, PUMP MARK III		KT	
17	0661 0664	TANK, FOLDING, 1000 GAL. TANK, FOLDING, 1500 GAL		EA	
18	0568 0668	TANK, COLLAPSIBLE, 3000 GAL. TANK, COLLAPSIBLE, 1800 GAL		EA	
19	0606	GAS, 5 GAL. STRAIGHT		EA	
20	0341 03444	OIL, 2 CYCLE OIL, 2 CYCLE, MIX FOR ONE GAL.		QT EA	
21	1880 1869	BAR OIL BAR OIL		GL QT	
22	0222	TAPE, FILAMENT		RO	
23	0030	BATTERIES, "AA"-24/ PACKAGE 8/PACKAGE/CASE UNIT OF ISSUE-PACKAGE		PG	
24	07000	BATTERIES, "AAA"- 12/ PACKAGE UNIT OF ISSUE-EA		PG	
25	001842	FOOD, MRE'S- 12/ BOX UNIT OF ISSUE-BX		BX	
26	0048 0020	WATER- 5 GAL SPEC. FULL OR EMPTY WATER-1 GAL SPEC. FULL OR EMPTY		EA	
27	0146	PULASKI		EA	

MEDICAL INCIDENT REPORT

Use items 1 through 9 to communicate situation to communications/dispatch.

1. **CONTACT COMMUNICATIONS/DISPATCH:** Example: "Coeur d' Alene Dispatch, Division Alpha-- standby for Priority Medical Incident Report." (If life threatening, request designated frequency be cleared for emergency traffic only.)

2. **INCIDENT STATUS:** Provide incident summary and command structure:

Nature of Injury/Illness:	Describe the injury (Example: broken leg with bleeding)
Incident Name:	Geographic Name + Medical (Example: Deer Lake Medical)
Incident Commander:	Name of Incident Commander
Patient Care:	Name of care provider (Example: EMT Smith)

3. **INITIAL PATIENT ASSESSMENT:** Complete this section for each patient. This is only a brief, initial assessment. Provide additional patient information after completing this 9-Line Report.

Number of patients: _____ (___ male, ___ female) Age(s): _____ Weight(s): _____

Conscious? YES NO = MEDEVAC!

Breathing? YES NO = MEDEVAC!

Mechanism (cause) of injury: _____

Lat/Long (Datum WGS84): _____

4. SEVERITY OF EMERGENCY

TRANSPORT PRIORITY

<input type="checkbox"/> URGENT - RED: 1. Airway obstruction. 2. Difficulty breathing. 3. Major blood loss. 4. Cardiac chest pain. 5. Crush injury to the chest. 6. Penetrated object. 7. Open fracture. 8. 2° or 3° burn more than 4 palm sizes. 9. Anaphylactic shock from bee sting. 10. Head or spine injury.	Ambulance or MEDEVAC helicopter. Evacuation need is IMMEDIATE.
<input type="checkbox"/> PRIORITY - YELLOW: 1. Closed fracture. 2. Significant trauma; Lacerations and bleeding not controlled by pressure. 3. Not able to walk. 4. 2° or 3° burn, no more than 1 or 2 palm sizes.	Ambulance or consider air transport if at remote location. Evacuation may be DELAYED.
<input type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE - GREEN: 1. Small area abrasions or lacerations. 2. Bleeding controlled by pressure. 3. Minor sprain. 4. General sickness.	Non-Emergency. Evacuation considered <i>Routine of Convenience</i> .

5. TRANSPORT PLAN:

Air Transport: (Agency Aircraft preferred) Helispot Short-haul/Hoist Life Flight Other

Ground Transport: Self-Extract Carry-Out Ambulance Other

6. ADDITIONAL RESOURCE/EQUIPMENT NEEDS:

Paramedic/EMT Crew(s) Trauma Bag Medications

IV/Fluid(s) SKED/Backboard/C-Collar Burn Sheet(s) Oxygen Cardiac Monitor/AED Other

7. COMMUNICATIONS:

Function	Channel Name / #	Receive (Rx)	Tone/NAC*	Transmit (Tx)	Tone/NAC*
Command					
Air-Ground					
Tactical					

8. EVACUATION LOCATION:

*NAC = for digital radio system

Lat/Long (Datum WGS84): _____

Patient's ETA to Evacuation Location: _____

Helispot/Extraction Size and Hazards: _____

9. CONTINGENCY: (If primary options fail, what actions can be implemented in conjunction with primary evacuation method?)

Incident Objectives

1. SAFETY of Firefighters and Public

Your goal is to manage the incident and not create another.

Incident Commander Responsibilities on Type 3, 4 and 5 Fires

- Develop and implement viable strategies and tactics for the incident, monitor their effectiveness, and disengage suppression activities immediately if strategies and tactics cannot be implemented safely.
- Maintain command and control of the incident.
- Give thorough and complete briefings (see the Incident Response Pocket Guide.)
- Document and submit your "Summary of Actions" using an ICS 201/214/Incident Organizer within five days of the incident being called out.
- Complete and document an After Action Review on every incident.
- Complete and continue to evaluate the "Wildland Fire Risk and Complexity Assessment" for every incident.
- Implement the Risk Management Process, as outlined in the Incident Response Pocket Guide.
- Ensure incident personnel are compliant with work/rest and length of assignment guidelines. The Incident Commander will justify work shifts that exceed 16 hours/or consecutive days that do not meet 2:1 work to rest ratio. Justification will be documented in the daily incident records.
- Incident Commanders must not have concurrent responsibilities that are not associated with the incident.
- Keep Coeur d'Alene Dispatch, Duty Officers and Agency Administrator informed on the status of your incident.

Communications Summary

Net	Tx	Rx	Tone	Remarks
Command				
Tac 1				
Tac 2				
Air-to-Ground				

Wildland Fire Risk and Complexity Assessment

Instructions:

Incident Commanders should complete Part A and Part B and relay this information to the Agency Administrator. If the fire exceeds initial attack or will be managed to accomplish resource management objectives, Incident Commanders should also complete Part C and provide the information to the Agency Administrator.

Part A: Firefighter Safety Assessment

Evaluate the following items, mitigate as necessary, and note any concerns, mitigations, or other information.

Evaluate these items	Concerns, mitigations, notes
LCES	
Fire Orders and Watch Out Situations	
Multiple operational periods have occurred without achieving initial objectives.	
Incident personnel are overextended mentally and/or physically and are affected by cumulative fatigue.	
Communication is ineffective with tactical resources and/or dispatch.	
Operations are at the limit of span of Control.	
Aviation operations are complex and/or aviation oversight is lacking.	
Logistical support for the incident is inadequate or difficult.	

Weather Observation and Spot Weather Forecast Request											
1. Name of Incident or Project			2. Control Agency:			3. Request Made			Date: _____ Time: _____		
4. Location: (Township, Range, Section)				5. Drainage Name:			6. Exposure / Aspect				
7. Size of Incident or Project (acres):				8. Elevation		9. Fuel Type:		10. Project On:			
				Top		Bottom		Ground Crowning			
11. Weather Conditions at Incident or Project or from RAWs:											
Place	Elev.	Observation Date/Time	Wind Direction/Velocity		Temperature				Sky Condition		
			20 ft	Eye-level	Dry bulb	Wet bulb	RH	DP			
Returned Spot Weather Forecast											
Discussion:											
Today:											
Sky weather:											
Max Temp	Min RH	Eye Level Wind	Ridge Top Wind	Chance Wetting Rain		LAL	Ha ine s	Mix ht	Trans Wind	Smk Disp	
Tonight:											
Sky Weather:											
Min Temp	Max RH	Eye Level Wind	Ridge Top Wind	Chance Wetting Rain		LAL	Ha ine s	Mix ht	Trans Wind	Smk Disp	
Tomorrow:											
Sky Weather:											
Max Temp	Min RH	Eye Level Wind	Ridge Top Wind	Chance Wetting Rain		LAL	Ha ine s	Mix ht	Trans Wind	Smk Disp	
Extended Forecast:											

Part C: Organization

Relative Risk Rating (From Part B)					
Circle the Relative Risk Rating (from Part B)		L	M	H	
Implementation Difficulty					Notes/Mitigation
C1. Potential Fire Duration Evaluate the estimated length of time that the fire may continue to burn if no action is taken and amount of season remaining. Rank this element low, moderate, or high.	N/A	L	M	H	
C2. Incident Strategies (Course of Action) Evaluate the level of firefighter and aviation exposure required to successfully meet the current strategy and implement the course of action. Rank this element as low, moderate, or high.	N/A	L	M	H	
C3. Functional Concerns Evaluate the need to increase organizational structure to adequately and safely manage the incident, and rank this element as low (adequate), moderate (Some additional support needed), or high ((current capability inadequate).	N/A	L	M	H	
Socio/Political Concerns					Notes/Mitigations
C4. Objective Concerns Evaluate the complexity of the incident objectives and rank this element as low, moderate, or high	N/A	L	M	H	
C5. External Influences Evaluate the effect external influences will have on how the fire is managed and rank this element low, moderate, or high.	N/A	L	M	H	
C6. Ownership Concerns Evaluate the effect ownership/jurisdiction will have on how fire is managed and rank this element low, moderate, or high.	N/A	L	M	H	
Enter the number of items circled for each column.					

Low—Majority of items are “L”, with a few as M or H
Moderate—Majority of items are “M”, with a few L or H
High—Majority of items are “H”, with a few L or M

Part C: Organization (continued)

Recommended Organization (circle one):

Type 5	Majority of items rated as “N/A”, a few items may be rated in other categories.
Type 4	Majority of items rated as “L”, with some items rated as “N/A”, and a few items rated as “M” or “H”
Type 3	Majority of items rated as “M”, with a few rated in other categories.
Type 2	Majority of items rated as “M”, with a few items rated as “H”.
Type 1	Majority of items rated as “H”, a few items may be rated in other categories.

Rationale:

Use this section to document the incident management organization for the fire. If the incident management organization is different that the Wildland Fire Risk and Complexity Assessment recommends, document why an alternative organization was selected. Use the “Notes/Mitigation” column to address mitigation actions for a specific element, and include these mitigations in the rationale.

Name of Incident: _____ Unit(s): _____

Date/Time: _____ Signature of Preparer: _____