

Course of Action

Full Perimeter Control

Use aggressive suppression methods to keep the fire to the smallest possible size. Utilize aircraft for retardant, bucket drops, and crew shuttle. Control and mop up fire perimeter.

Use a direct attack strategy to aggressively utilize aviation and crew resources to minimize further fire spread along the existing perimeter. Control and mop up fire perimeter.

Natural or Artificial Barriers

Use natural barriers to the north and northeast of the fire. Use appropriate tactics to limit the spread of fire to the west and south.

Utilize natural barriers to the north of the fire. Identify trigger points and use the appropriate suppression methods to limit the spread of the fire to the east and south. Concentrate efforts on protecting specific high value areas (such as urban interface).

Fuel Breaks

This action is defensive in nature and focuses on using resources (equipment and crews) for fuel mitigation around all structures, out buildings, and travel corridors.

Point Protection

Concentrate efforts on protecting specific high value areas. Protect urban interface structures, but provide for firefighter and public safety first.

Protect urban interface structures and improvements, but provide for firefighter and public safety first.

Monitor

Monitor fire; identify trigger points and suppression action to protect urban interface, improvements, and administrative sites. Ensure measures are established and implemented to protect the public.

Extreme Case

The fire will burn until a season ending event. Utilize point protection to protect urban interface, improvements, and administrative sites.

When the weather, fuels, and/or topography presents a viable window of opportunity, establish anchors and move from one anchor point to another. Only construct line that you are reasonably assured you can hold.